Greenbelta

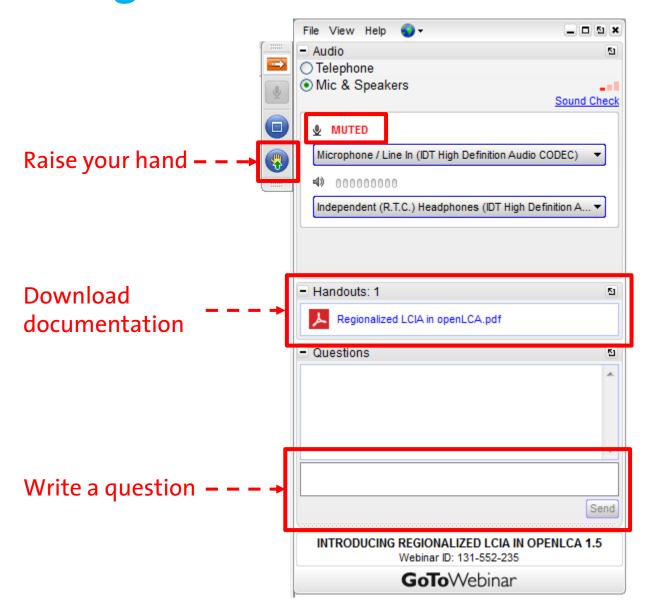
sustainability consulting + software



Free Webinar: Regionalized LCIA in openLCA 1.5

Cristina Rodríguez GreenDelta GmbH May 2016

Using GoToWebinar: Practical information



Agenda

- Introduction
- Adding GIS data to inventory locations
- Implementation of regionalized LCIA methods
- Regionalized LCIA calculation
- Analysis of regionalized LCIA results
- Outlook
- Q&A



Regionalized LCIA is model sophistication

- Commonly, in Life Cycle Assessment (LCA), the impact assessment (LCIA) is performed ignoring any regional differences.
 - → But, there are good reasons for considering a regional variation in the impact assessment, although this adds complexity



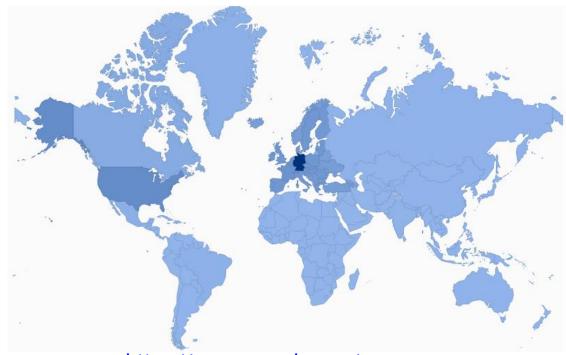
source: dennis140, aloe vera plantage, Fuerteventura (left); Gario, cows meadow, Texel (right)

Regionalized LCIA is model sophistication

- More and more regionalized LCIA methods available, e.g.:
 - ImpactWorld+
 - http://www.impactworldplus.org
 - LC-Impact
 - http://www.lc-impact.eu
 - Ecological Scarcity 2013
 http://treeze.ch/projects/methodology-development/life-cycle-impact-assessment/ecological-scarcity-method-2013
 - Enhanced El99+
 http://archive.baug.ethz.ch/www.ifu.ethz.ch/ESD/downloads/El99plus.html

Regionalized inventory datasets

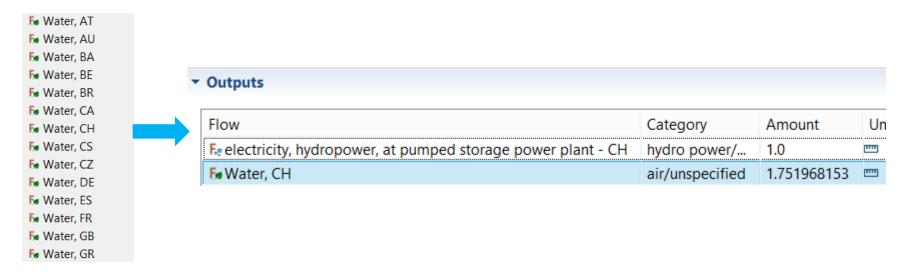
 Differences in the inventory are considered as far as possible (e.g., national databases, different processes for electricity generation per country, etc.).



https://nexus.openlca.org/map

Combining regionalized inventory and LCIA methods

 Some databases include elementary flows specific for different regions, to facilitate the regionalized LCIA calculation, e.g.: LC-Inventories.ch

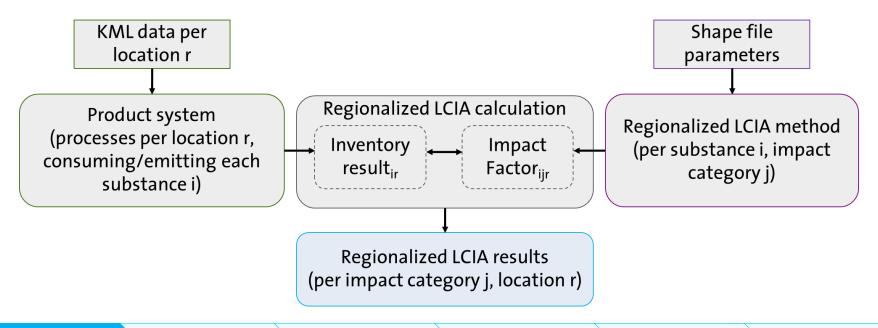


→ Not considered a pragmatic approach for openLCA

Introduction Locations LCIA methods Calculation Results Outlook

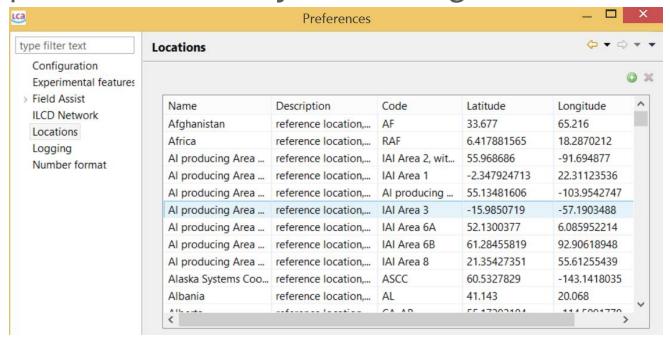
Regionalization in openLCA

- The location of each elementary flow in the inventory is taken from the process consuming/emitting it.
- Integration of the functionality to handle GIS data:



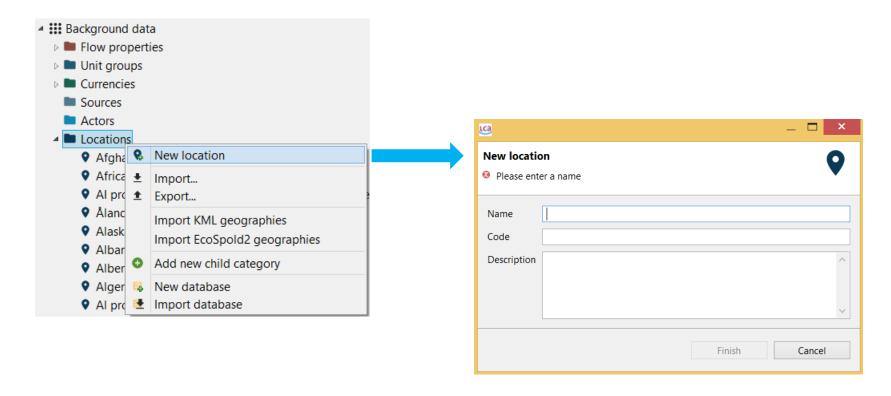
Locations in openLCA 1.4

- A list of locations available under: File/Preferences/Locations
- The geographic information of the locations was limited to a pair of latitude, longitude data
- The processes could only use existing locations



Locations in openLCA 1.5

Locations as new element in the folder "Background data"

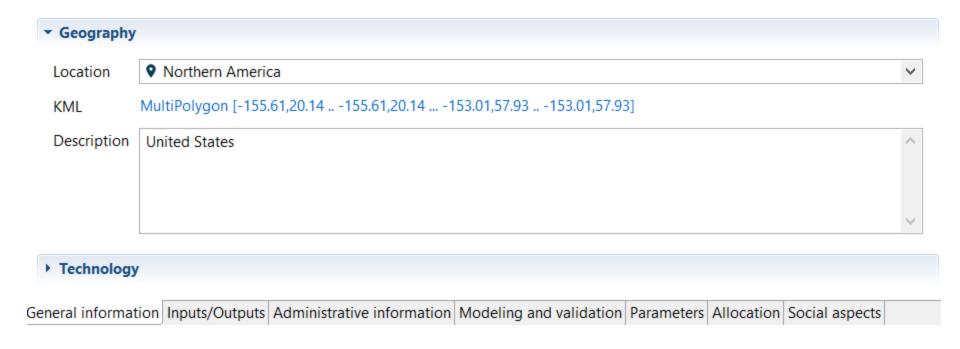


Location editor in openLCA 1.5

- KML data can be added to each location:
 - Draw polygons, lines or points in the KML editor
 →Multi-geometries of the same type are allowed
 - Write the coordinates in the "Text editor"
 - Import KML or EcoSpold2 files with geographic data, e.g.: http://geography.ecoinvent.org/report
 http://www.census.gov/geo/maps-data/data/tiger-kml.html
- If no KML data is added, a point will be created with the average latitude/longitude when saving the location

Locations in the Process Editor

- Locations can be created, viewed and opened in an editor within the "Geography" section of the process
 - Click on the KML information to open the KML editor



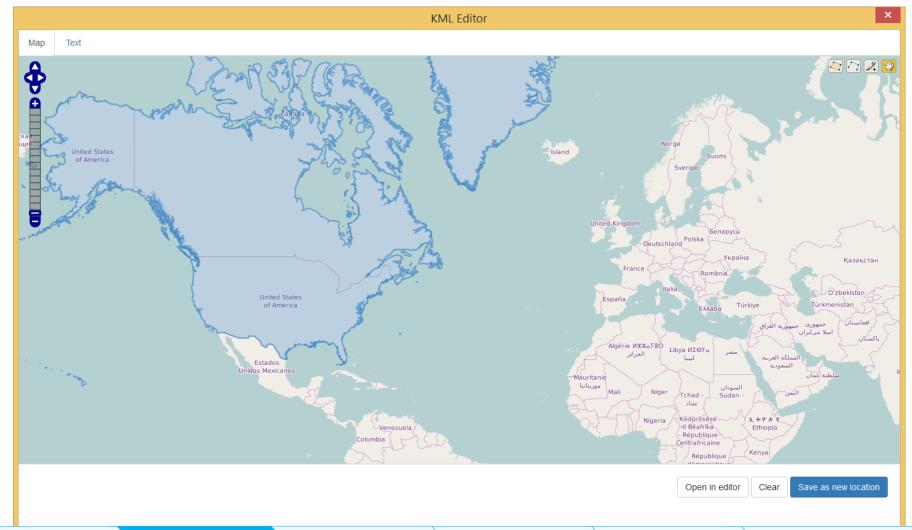
LCIA methods

Calculation

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KML editor (map) in the Process Editor



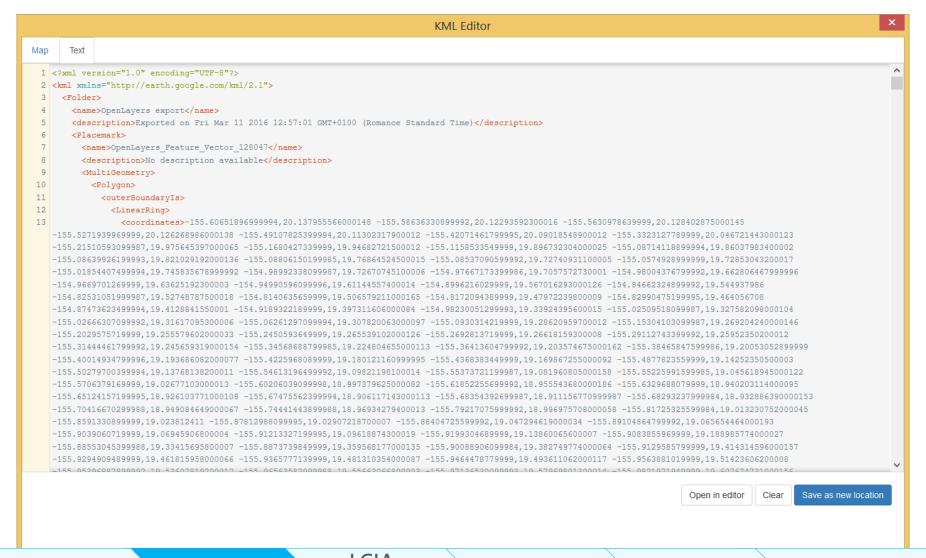
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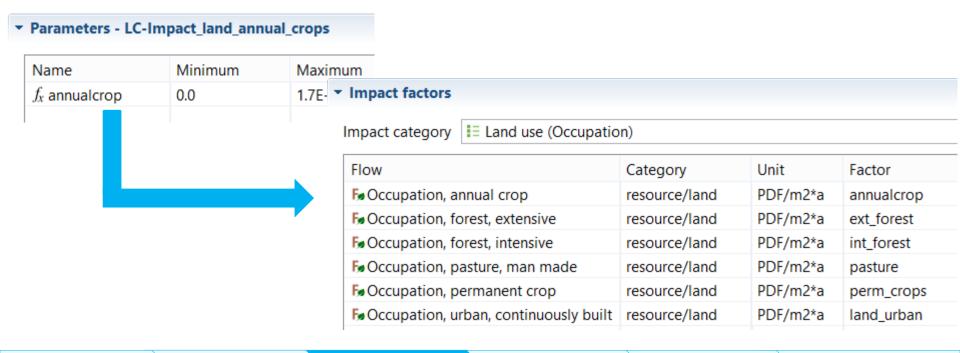
Outlook

KML editor (text) in the Process Editor

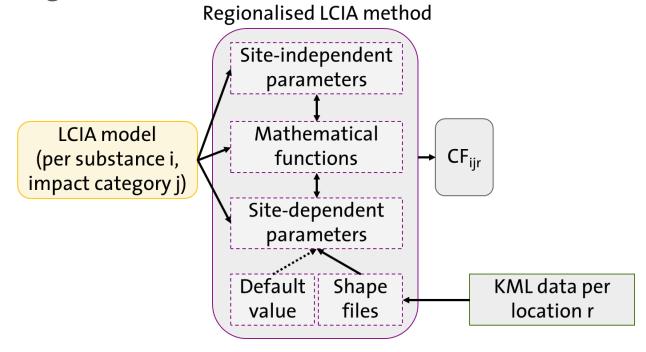


- The attributes contained in a shape file can be used as parameters in the LCIA method.
- Shape file specifications:
 - Coordinate reference system: WGS84, EPSG:4326.
 - Only numerical attributes can be used as parameters in openLCA.
 - There must be a single layer in each file.
 - Unique names for the attributes to be used as parameters.
 - The features should not overlap (e.g. the same shape file cannot contain features for Europe and Germany).
- Shape files are stored in the database, and can be exported as zolca or JSON format.

- Different options for the content of the shape file parameters:
 - The parameter represents the impact factor of a specific substance and impact category



2. The parameter represents a regional characteristic used for the calculation of the impact factors of different substances within one or multiple impact categories:



Example: Land use model from de Baan et al. (2012), as implemented in Ecological Scarcity 2013 (Frischknecht and Büsser Knöpfel 2013)

$$Eco-factor_{Flow_{j}}^{\operatorname{Re} gion_{i}} = K_{Flow_{j}}^{\operatorname{Re} gion_{i}} \cdot \frac{c}{F_{n}^{CH}} \cdot \left(\frac{F}{F_{k}}\right)^{2}$$

$$K_{flow_j}^{biome_i} = \frac{BDP^{biome_i}}{BDP_settlement_area_biome5} = \frac{BDP_{flow_j}^{biome5}}{BDP_settlement_area_biome5} = \frac{BDP_{flow_j}^{biome5}}{BDP_settlement_area_biome5}$$

$$Eco-factor_{Flow_j}^{\text{Re gion_i}} = \frac{BDP_{flow_j}^{biome5}}{BDP_SA_biome5} \cdot \frac{c}{F_n^{CH}} \cdot \left(\frac{F}{F_k}\right)^2 \cdot \underbrace{ratio^{biome_i}_to_biome5}_{\text{Shapefile parameter}} \left[\frac{UBP}{m^2a}\right]$$

Site-independent parameters

Introduction

Locations

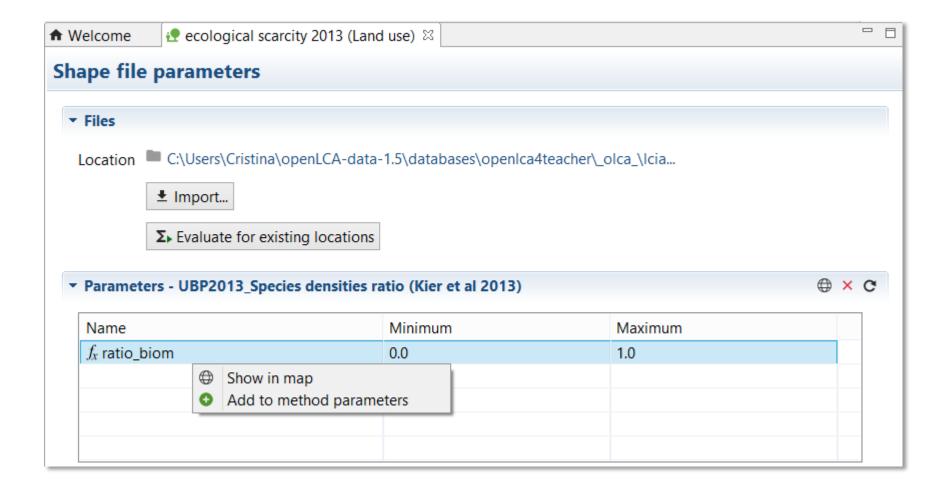
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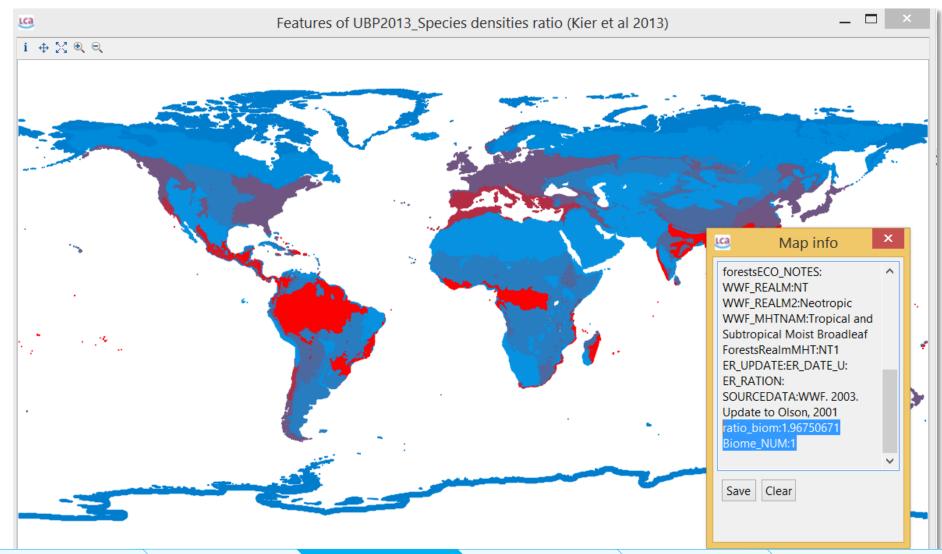
Results

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Shape files containing regional characteristics



Shape files parameters: "Show in map"



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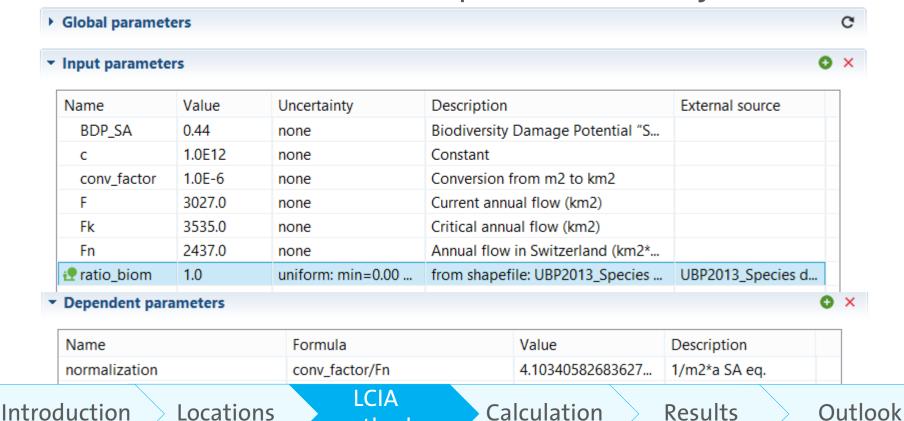
Results

Outlook

Use shape file parameters in the LCIA method

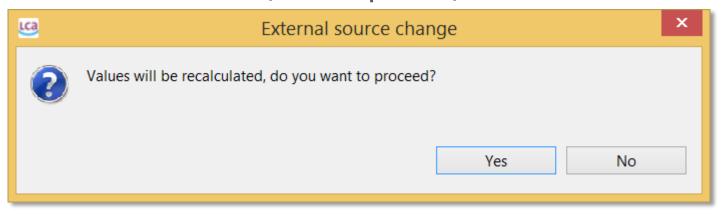
- "Add to method parameters" if the parameter doesn't exist yet in the "Parameters" tab
- Select "External source" if the parameter already exists

methods



Use shape file parameters in the LCIA method

 The default value and uncertainty will be calculated depending on the "External source (i.e. shape file)" selected



- The default value can be modified and will be used in:
 - "Quick results" and "Analysis" calculations
 - In "Regionalized LCIA" calculations, when a process has a location without KML data or has no location
 - Formula evaluation in the LCIA method

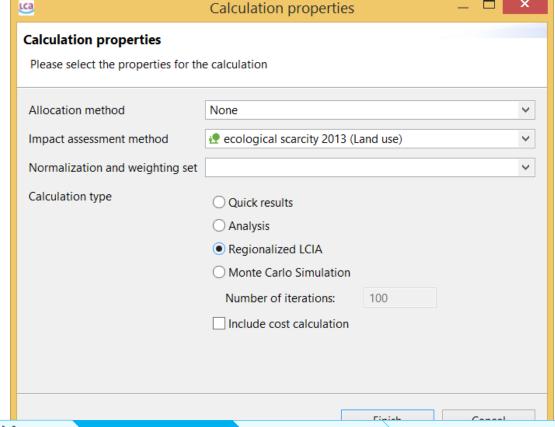
Impact factors defined with formulas

 Once the parameters are created, they can be used in the formulas for the impact factors per flow and impact category



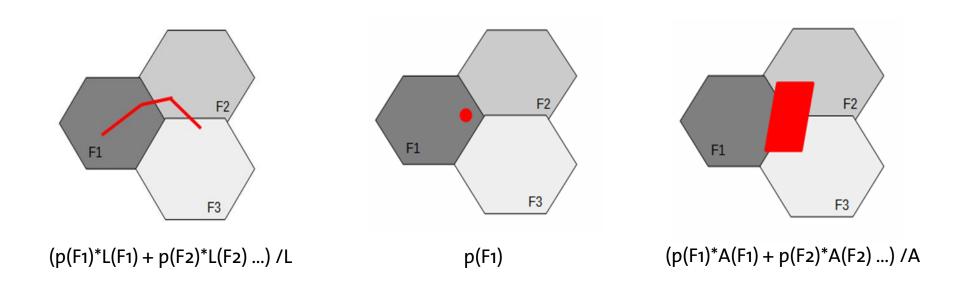
Calculation procedure for Regionalized LCIA

- Select the "Regionalized LCIA" option in the calculation properties window:
 - → The impact method select must contain regionalized impact factors
 - → At least 1 location of the product system must contain KML data



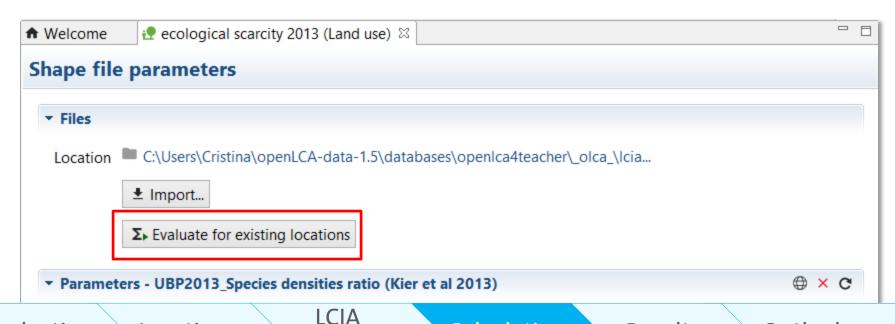
Calculation procedure for Regionalized LCIA

- The intersection between shape files features and process geometries is calculated by openLCA
 - → A weighted mean calculated for each regional parameter



Calculation procedure for Regionalized LCIA

- Use "Evaluate for existing locations" to pre-calculate the intersections with the existing database locations
 - In systems with many locations the calculation can take long, so it is recommended to pre-calculate the intersections before the assessment needs to be done



methods

Locations

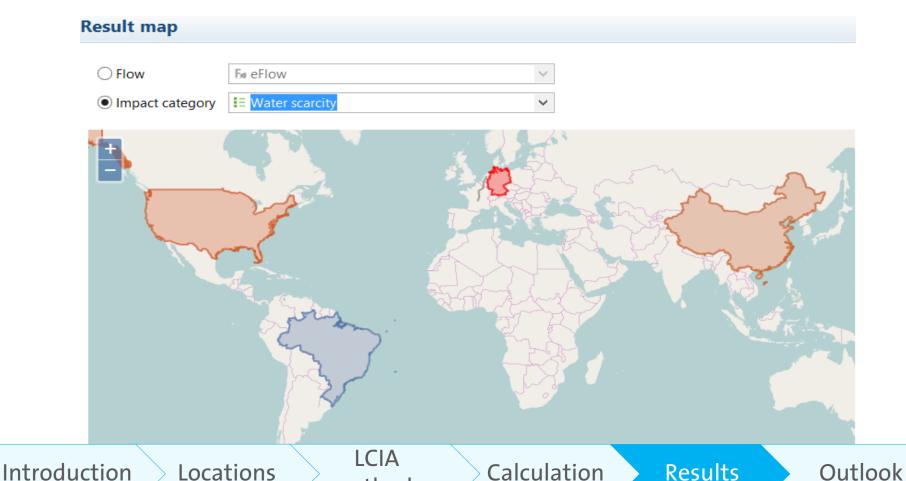
Calculation

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Regionalized LCIA results: Result map

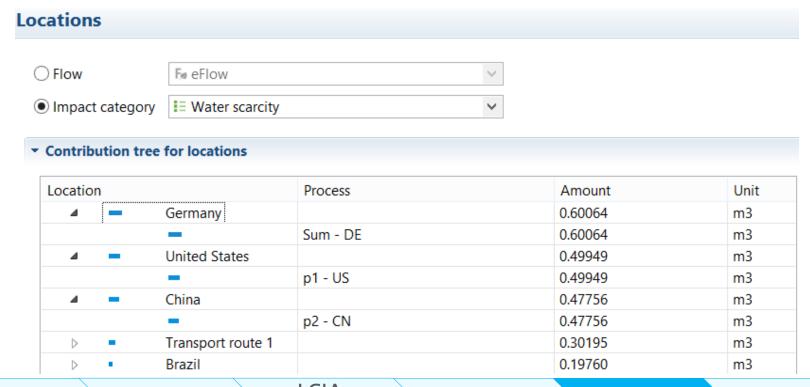
Map coloured depending on the direct contributions of each location



methods

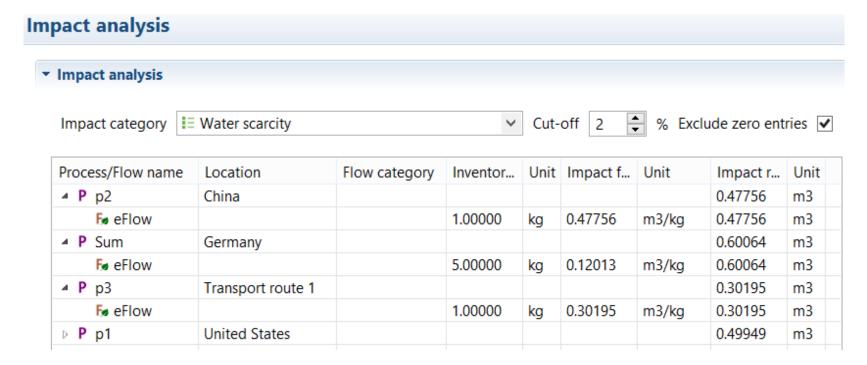
Regionalized LCIA results: Locations

 Contribution of each location to the inventory and LCIA results, broke down into the direct contributions of the processes within that specific location



Regionalized LCIA results: Impact analysis

 Direct LCIA results of each process, including information about process location, inventory, LCIA results and impact factor value per flow in the process



LCIA methods

Outlook

Already in progress:

- Implementation of regionalized LCIA methods in openLCA:
 - ImpactWorld+
 - LC-Impact

Ideas for future projects:

- Regionalized LCIA in the Project level
- Regionalized LCIA in the Monte Carlo simulation:
 - Uncertainty of regionalized impact factors
 - Uncertainty of the locations in the inventory
- •



Acknowldegments

- 2013-2014: US Department of Agriculture (USDA), National Agricultural Library
 - Cooperative agreement number 58-8220-2-112F
- 2014-2015: SCS Global Services
 - Enhancement of the existing regionalized LCIA calculation
 - Integration of LEO-SCS-oo2 standard LCIA methodology in openLCA

Thank you!

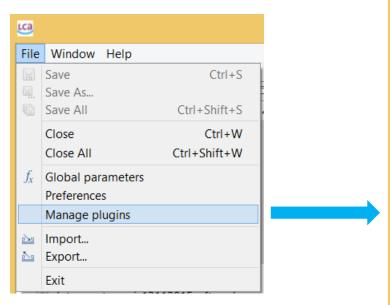
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LEO-SCS-002 Plugin (I)

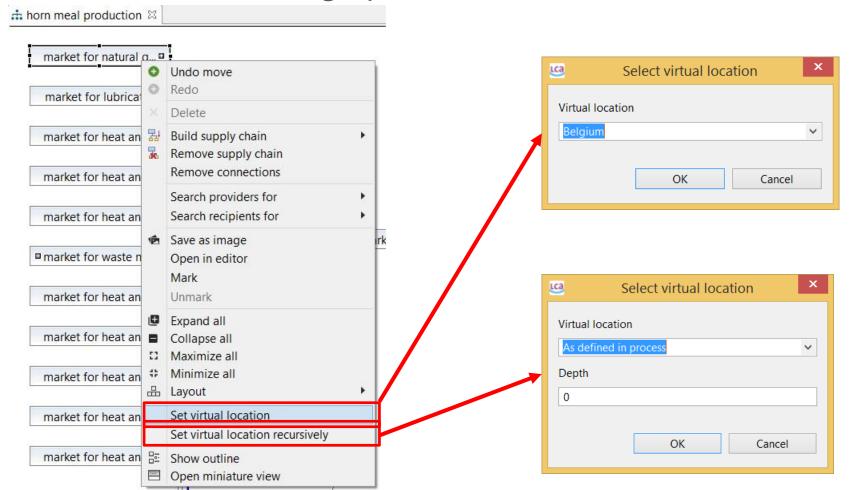
 It allows to override the locations specified in the existing process data sets for a specific product system by using the so-called "virtual locations"





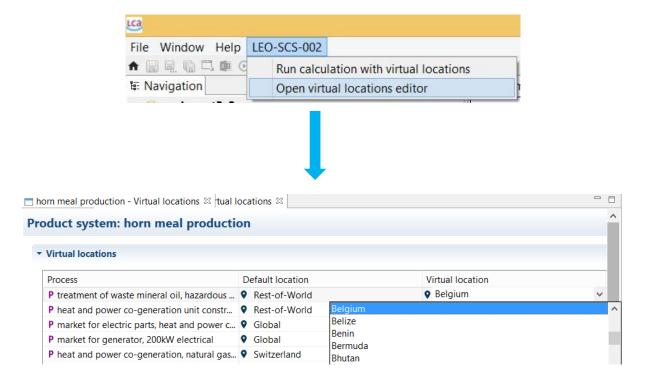
LEO-SCS-002 Plugin (II)

- Two options for setting "virtual locations":
 - 1. In the model graph



LEO-SCS-002 Plugin (III)

- Two options for setting "virtual locations":
 - 2. In the "Virtual locations" editor



Regionalized LCIA with System processes

Crop, at plant – US (Ecoinvent v.2.2 database)

